

STOP THE THREAT OF A NEW WAR! HANDS OFF CHINA!

THE DAILY WORKER FIGHTS FOR THE ORGANIZATION OF THE UNORGANIZED FOR THE 40-HOUR WEEK FOR A LABOR PARTY

THE DAILY WORKER

Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at New York, N. Y., under the act of March 3, 1879.

Vol. IV. No. 131.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: In New York, by mail, \$8.00 per year.
Outside New York, by mail, \$6.00 per year.

NEW YORK, THURSDAY, JUNE 16, 1927

PUBLISHED DAILY EXCEPT SUNDAY BY THE DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO., 81 FIRST STREET, NEW YORK, N. Y.

FINAL CITY EDITION

Price 3 Cents

Current Events

By T. J. O'FLAHERTY.

HORSE stealing is not the profitable business it used to be, so the Newburgh and New Windsor horse-thief detecting agency, in which William R. Brown, former warden of Sing Sing, was an active leader, has hauled down its shingle and declared itself a thing of the past. The daring individuals who formerly devoted their acquisitive talents to the expropriation of horses are now engaged in the more lucrative business of misappropriating automobiles. America is a land of opportunity for those who keep ahead of the times. When stealing automobiles loses its glamor the time will be ripe for an up-to-date airplane thief.

A noble and self-sacrificing collection of patriots are engaged in the laudable business of saving the nation from socialism and Communism. Their organ is the "National Republic" and this being the summer season—always a slack one in the newspaper business—they are in need of funds. Well, we are not the people to blame them for that, being in a similar boat. But one would expect that those defending the interests of big business should have their efforts appreciated in a financial way. But this is not exactly what we are driving at.

MANY of you may yet remember the hectic days of Teapot Dome when the "Ohio Gang"—the titular head of which was that extremely picturesque and democratic Warren Gamaliel Harding (it is said that he revelled in a game of craps)—decided that a deluge would follow their demise and that there was no use breaking into a safe unless you took away its contents. So over their poker and Scotch they parcelled the country out between them, one fellow taking oil, another liquor and another hospital equipment.

"MURDER will out" and so will stealing, particularly if the thieves quarrel over the spoils or get to fooling with each other's wives. There was a great explosion and oil simply squirted all over the White House while Calvin Coolidge stood with his umbrella in position over his political head. It was then the stoop-pigeons got busy trying to save the administration. Each division of the think army had its own particular task.

THE National Republic rallied bravely to the cause of graft and corruption. It defended Daugherty and the rest of the crooks and sent one of its best liars to Montana to dig up or manufacture scandal that would injure Senator Burton K. Wheeler, who was on the trail of Attorney General Daugherty, strike-breaker and prince of grafters. But the stuff was so raw that despite the best efforts of those grand patriots some of the grafters were exposed. It is true that only one of them went to jail, the fellow Forbes, who stole crutches from disabled veterans.

NOW the National Republic is combatting "the organized efforts and widespread propaganda of the destructive radical forces." We are told that "these forces have already gained too much influence over public opinion and our governmental agencies in their program to overthrow American institutions and substitute socialism and Communism." The law of self-preservation can be seen working here at top speed. Under a Communist regime grafters would be executed on conviction. Here, unless they steal nipples from an asylum for crippled children, they retire on their loot and live in comfort for the remainder of their lives.

MORE about Daudet, the French royalist leader who consented to be "arrested" by the police only after his troops were allowed to retreat with the honors of war. The cabinet is now reported to have agreed to grant him clemency. In the meantime the cabinet is moving to lift the immunity of Communist deputies, which will enable the government to prosecute them for conducting Communist propaganda. This is class justice with a vengeance.

ENGLAND continues to press for a united front against the Soviet Union. British business interests and German business interests, however, are conferring with a view to developing better commercial relations with Russia. Poland appears to be properly frightened over the prospect of facing the wrath of the workers' republic and has acceded to the Soviet Union's demands in the Volkoff assassination. At the same time Lithuania in following England's lead against Russia "put her foot in it." The capitalist press may rave as it

(Continued on Page Four)

FURRIER CONVENTION MACHINE ON DEFENSE

THE DOLLAR PATRIOTS



By Maurice Becker

Laying Down OUR Lives for THEIR Country

Gangsters Slug Fur Pickets

UNFORTUNATELY

Judge Mullan is indisposed. For this reason William F. Dunne, editor of THE DAILY WORKER is not yet released on bail, because the judge was too ill to sign the necessary papers. Meanwhile Harry F. Sinclair, the millionaire Oil Bandit, is enjoying perfect freedom and liberty, after having been brought to trial more than five years ago.

Meanwhile Thomas L. Chadbourne, multimillionaire Traction Baron, who is mulcting the workers of the City of New York of millions of dollars annually, is on a pleasure jaunt in Europe, after the hearings which clearly showed up his depredations.

BUT FORTUNATELY there are many thousands of workers in this home of capitalist justice, who are not indisposed. They are on the job. They will see that Dunne is released, that the verdict imposing a Five Hundred Dollar Fine is reversed. Are YOU one of those on the job?

CHANG TSO LIN DECLARES MARTIAL LAW AS NATIONALISTS NEAR PEKING

STRIKE OF 2,000 BARBERS NOW ON IN N. Y. C. SHOPS

Pacific Conference Calls for Fight Against Intervention Score Landing of Troops

CHENGCHOW, June 14 (delayed) (via Berlin).—A huge mass demonstration, in which more than 100,000 people participated, welcomed the entry of Nationalist officials and General Feng Yu-hsiang. (Chengchow is a strategic center on the Man-kow-Peking railway recently captured by the Nationalists in their drive against Peking.)

Chinese Women Score Open British Brothels For Imperialist Troops

SHANGHAI, June 15.—The Chinese women in Shanghai, through the Women's Department of the Kuomintang (Nationalist Party) have sent a vigorous protest to the Nationalist government at Nanking against the brothels which have been illegally and flauntingly established in the International Settlement by the British military for British and American troops.

The protest points out that the brothels are filled with 15-year-old Chinese girls. It asserts that "one object of the revolution is the emancipation of women, and it is humiliating and gruesome that China's womanhood should be trampled under the iron heel of foreign imperialism."

(Continued on Page Three)

Will Refuse Agreement With Individual Bosses

Over 500 shops between 59th St. and upper Bronx on the West Side were without barbers yesterday. 2,000 barbers went on strike following repeated refusals on the part of the employers to grant them an increase in wages.

The response of the workers was practically unanimous in the shops involved. Picketing began at 8 in the morning and continued until the closing of the shops.

Two enthusiastic mass meetings were held yesterday afternoon, one at Leslie Hall, 83rd St., near Broadway, and the other at union strike headquarters, 155th St. and Amsterdam Ave. Meetings will again be held at the same places tonight at 7 p. m.

Collective agreements with the Master Barbers' Association will be insisted on, it was decided at the meetings, and no agreements with individual bosses will be permitted.

A basic weekly wage of \$35 is asked by the men together with fifty per cent of all income over \$50 weekly received on each chair. The present working hours are from 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., and until 10 p. m. on Saturdays. One of the demands involves reduction of one hour on this day.

An occupant of the car nods to a

(Continued on Page Two)

DELEGATES REPRESENTING MAJORITY OF UNION LINE UP WITH THE LEFT WING

Reactionaries' Fake Delegation Determined to Split; Schachtman Quarrels With Aids

WASHINGTON, June 15.—With 31 delegates representing the scab New York unions continuing to cast a majority of votes in the fur workers' "convention" here, the bona fide delegates representing the overwhelming majority of the membership organized a unity committee last night and prepared today to withdraw from the packed convention.

Right wing forces controlling the fake convention quarreled badly all morning over whether they should accede to the first of the unity committee's demands: that the 23 delegates of the joint board unions be heard in defense against general executive board charges. President Oizer Schachtman was bitterly attacked by Vice President Winnick as a "camouflaged progressive" trying to repeat his compromising of 1925, by which he was elected president.

The right wing ganged up unanimously against Schachtman on his ruling that the joint board delegates be heard. In desperation Schachtman sent out a call for Vice President Matthew Woll, head of the A. F. of L. committee in charge of attempted disruption in New York who explained to the infuriated right wingers that it is necessary to give the joint board a hearing in order to preserve the legality of convention proceedings against attack in court. Grudgingly the machine agreed to hear the New York delegates tomorrow morning preparatory to expelling the joint board unions.

48 Delegates Join

'Forty-eight delegates last night joined the unity committee to bring peace and unity within the ranks of fur workers. Representing New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Newark, Montreal, Toronto and Winnipeg, they spoke for 80 per cent of America's organized furriers.

Harry Englander, manager of the Toronto Joint Board, suspended on the convention's first day as international vice president because he protested the seating of the New York right wingers, was chosen chairman and an executive board of 14 members, representing each local affiliated, was elected.

Englander stated the unity committee arose from a pre-convention appeal to all locals to support a unity movement.

Two Right Wingers Arrested. Two right wing gangsters were arrested yesterday morning at the corner of Sixth Ave. and 24th St. They are Herman Silvers and Jack Regel. They were charged with carrying concealed weapons, large clubs being discovered up their sleeves. They were released in \$1,000 and \$500 bail by Magistrate Rosenbluth in Jefferson Market Court.

Police authorities stated yesterday that one of the reasons for the mass arrests of pickets was to discourage non-strikers from joining the picket line. They said that those workers who picket in the morning before going to work, lose a day's pay when arrested. In this way the police department hopes to keep these workers from joining future mass demonstrations during the duration of the strike.

Two Students Nabbed. Two students were arrested on the picket line yesterday morning. When brought to Jefferson Market Court they were released. They are Simon Gerson of C. C. N. Y. and Harry Hoffman of the International Students' Club, Hunter's College.

DIE-HARDS HIT BY U. S. S. R. BOYCOTT; LAUNCH RABID PROPAGANDA DRIVE

British Workers Jobless Following Break in Trade; Wool Barons Lose \$25,000,000

LONDON, June 15.—Fake reports, emanating from Warsaw and Riga, that a "reign of terror" in the Soviet Union, are appearing in the Tory press—and deceive no one but the imperialist press describing a "reign of terror" in the Soviet Union.

British Plan War. GENEVA, June 15.—Great Britain is making every effort to force the powers into an iron anti-Soviet ring. Although an anti-Soviet bloc has been the object of British foreign policy since the revolution, the success of the Chinese Nationalists and the rapidly growing strength of the USSR has led the British to redouble their efforts.

Break Hits British Trade. Five million pounds, or twenty-five million dollars of orders for raw wool,

(Continued on Page Two)

Expel Labor M. P. for Nailing Baldwin Lie; Scores Spying in USSR

LONDON, June 15.—George Buchanan, Labor M. P., was today ordered from the House of Commons by the Speaker, for characterizing as "a lie" the government statement denying that any of the twenty persons recently executed in Russia were in the pay of the British Government.

Another Mine Local Demands Violation Of Sheriff's Ukase

(By Worker Correspondent)

BROWNSVILLE, Pa., June 15.—Following closely in the path of other militant local unions of the United Mine Workers of America, Local 2330 (Lilly Mine) has adopted a resolution demanding of the officials of the union that they quit half-hearted measures, and come out for mass violation of the illegal and arbitrary order of the sheriff of Washington county, which prohibits picketing.

The union members feel confident that many other locals will take similar action. Their resolution is identical with the one adopted at Avella, and points out that:

"WHEREAS, such an order of the sheriff, the present system of picketing, where the union men are prevented from coming together in large groups and to speak to the strike-breakers is ineffective."

"RESOLVED, that we call upon our International and District Presidents to fight against this vicious order of the sheriffs by organizing mass picketing at a number of mines in violation of the sheriff's orders and that our District and International Presidents shall lead this picketing in order to bring the question of the right to picket to the attention of all workers and the public at large."

The other resolution calling for more effective relief measures demands:

"—That we call upon the International officials of the UMWA to immediately place a 15% strike assessment during the period of the strike upon all miners now at work in the anthracite and the union brilliant districts, the money so collected to be used entirely for strike relief."

"—That we request the International officials of the UMWA to immediately issue a call for financial assistance for the miners and to urge the American Federation of Labor to issue a similar appeal."

"—That we call upon the district officers of District No. 5 to stimulate the collection of relief from labor unions and sympathizing elements in Western Pennsylvania, and should urge other districts of the UMWA to do likewise."

"—That local unions of the UMWA shall take the initiative in forming local relief committees in all mining centers to be made up of representatives of miners' unions and friendly local unions of other trades, for the purpose of raising funds for the relief of the miners on strike."

Die-Hards of Britain In Propaganda Drive

(Continued from Page One)

secured wool, rags, yarn, worsted and woolen cloth have been lost to the Bradford woolen area of England by the police raid on the Arcos and Russian Trade Delegation Building.

This is the estimate given by the London correspondent of the Daily News Record, a New York textile paper. He is quoting Ben Riley, a member of parliament.

For the 18 months ending March 31, Russia had paid 4,900,000 pounds for Bradford goods, said Riley, and orders had greatly increased since. Thousands of workers were employed on Russian orders.

Build Air Squadron.

(Special to the Daily Worker). MOSCOW, June 15.—Collections for the air squadron "Our Reply to Chamberlain" are proceeding actively in all parts of the Soviet Union.

Workers throughout the Union are donating their wages or working overtime for the purpose of contributing to the construction of the new squadrons.

The Leningrad of Soviet authors has addressed an appeal to foreign authors urging them to protest strongly against the preparations for a new world war and an attack against the Soviet Union.

Needle Trade Defense

Another One to Try.

On Sunday, June 12, there was a gathering at the house of Brother Cheifetz. Several workers were present. One thought of the arrested Cloakmakers and Furriers and while talking they decided to raise some money for the Defense. Someone found a flower in his pocket, which he had purchased at an affair the night before. This was auctioned off and brought in \$18.00, which, say we, is not making a bad use of flowers.

Trombinicks on the Job.

A group of Trombinicks near Nitgedaiget (a Trombinick, according to the definition of Nitgedaiget, is one who eats and sleeps near the Camp but comes to it for its sociability) decided to donate to the Furriers and Cloakmakers' Relief, the money which they save by Trombinicking. The first installment of \$50.00 was brought into the office of the Joint Defense and Relief Committee by Brother Zalkin and Stromwasser with a promise of more.

Atta Girl!

We received a check for \$50 with the following letter from Los Angeles: "We, a group of five girls, who live together, were considering some way of raising money for the fighting Cloakmakers and Furriers. We arranged a dinner and charged everyone present \$1. This dinner brought in \$50 which we are sending you. With greetings, we are Jennie Newman, Eva Bagon, Sadie Markowitz, Rose Kaplan, Freda Ashkenazi."

Shop Collections.

The workers of the M. F. & K. Leather Shop raised \$6.00 for the Furriers' strike.

The workers of the Jampol Vest Company sent \$6.00 to the Furriers' Strike Fund. They also pledged themselves to donate One (\$1.00) Dollar each weekly during the period of the strike.

The workers of J. J. Bernstein & Siegel raised \$12.50 which was delivered to the office of the Strike Fund and Relief Committee by Hyman Berger.

A Vital Struggle.

The Furriers' strike is of vital importance to the future of the American Labor Movement. It is important not only as a strike of thousands of workers against their bosses, but also because it is the reply of the progressive and left wing labor movement to the betrayal of the leaders of the American Federation of Labor, and an answer to the gangsterism of Sigmund McGrady and Company.

The sympathies of labor are with the courageous furriers. But what the strikers need now is material support. The entire reaction is united against them. To enable them to carry on their fight to victory \$50,000 is needed. This money can only be raised by the working class.

Every worker must buy at least one bond ranging in price from \$10 to \$100, that was issued by the Furriers' Strike Fund and Relief Committee. Every bond is guaranteed. It is a short term loan payable on demand. Every worker must also get a ticket for the Coney Island Stadium Concert. The Joint Defense Committee has decided to devote the proceeds of this affair to the Strike Fund and all those who buy their tickets immediately will thus help win the strike.

Breaking Chains" in Paterson.

The workers of Paterson will have an opportunity to see the famous picture, "Breaking Chains," on Friday night, June 17, at Public School No. 6, Cornell St., corner Hamilton Ave.

"Breaking Chains" was shown in New York and had the approval of the press and public. It is a striking portrayal of the life of the workers and peasants in the Soviet Union. No worker should miss seeing "Breaking Chains." The entire proceeds will go for the defense of the arrested furriers.

In Newark Saturday.

On June 18, Saturday afternoon and evening, "Breaking Chains" will be shown in Kruger's Auditorium, Belmont Avenue, near Springfield. The entire proceeds of the show will go for the defense. The workers of Newark are strongly urged to see this picture.

PERSPECTIVES FOR OUR PARTY

Jay Lovestone

PRESENT TENDENCY IN THE LABOR MOVEMENT

Max Bedacht

THE CRUSADE AGAINST THE REDS

Ben Gitlow

LITERATURE AND ECONOMICS

V. F. Calverton

MILITARY STRATEGY OF THE CIVIL WAR

Frederick Engels

CHINA: A Factual Study.

NEWS OF THE MONTH, EDITORIALS, REVIEWS.

The COMMUNIST

1118 W. Washington Blvd.

CHICAGO, ILL.

Subscribe!

25 Cents a Copy

\$2.00 a Year

Canada, Chicago, and Foreign countries, \$2.50 a year.

Sample copies on request, free.

WE ACCUSE!



No Milk for Kids Of RR Trackmen; Too Poor, Wives Testify

WASHINGTON, (FP) June 15.—While the United Mine Worker district officials in his home town, Springfield, Ill., are carrying on negotiations with the employers for a separate agreement for Illinois, thus permanently breaking the solidarity of the miners' union and its ability to strike as a unit, International President John L. Lewis has arrived here to make a series of four speeches.

The policy of separate agreements is defended by Lewis. He promises the workers in this rather radical section of the country that they will receive all the support of the union in their struggle with the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal and the Pittsburgh Coal companies, both of which are trying to run open shop, without any union agreement at all.

Lewis, in an interview, stated that "the strike is progressing satisfactorily."

Lewis in Pittsburgh To Defend Separate District Contracts

PITTSBURGH, Pa., June 15.—While the United Mine Worker district officials in his home town, Springfield, Ill., are carrying on negotiations with the employers for a separate agreement for Illinois, thus permanently breaking the solidarity of the miners' union and its ability to strike as a unit, International President John L. Lewis has arrived here to make a series of four speeches.

The policy of separate agreements is defended by Lewis. He promises the workers in this rather radical section of the country that they will receive all the support of the union in their struggle with the Pittsburgh Terminal Coal and the Pittsburgh Coal companies, both of which are trying to run open shop, without any union agreement at all.

Lewis, in an interview, stated that "the strike is progressing satisfactorily."

Chi Sends 2 Delegates To Workers Health Meet

CHICAGO, June 15 (FP)—John Clay of the laundry drivers and Charles F. Wills of the Federation News will be Chicago delegates to the national labor health conference that opens in Cleveland June 18 under the auspices of the Workers Health Bureau.

GERMAN books

We have received a limited stock of the following titles from Germany, some of which have not appeared in English.

By Bucharin

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Die Probleme der Chinesischen Revolution | —15 |
| Die Internationale und Innere Lage der Sowjetunion | —25 |
| Der Imperialismus und die Akkumulation des Kapitals | (Cloth) —75 |
| Entwicklungsweise der Chinesischen Revolution | |
| Fang Ping-Schan | —15 |
| Die Bergarbeitertrauer Englands im Kampf | Katherine Cant |
| Das Leben und der Arbeitseinsatz der Arbeiterinnen der Sowjetunion | S. Bojarskaya |
| Die Vereinigten Staaten des sozialistischen Europa | John Pepper |
| Jahrbuch für Wirtschafts-, Politik und Arbeiterbewegung | 1926 |

DAILY WORKER PUB. CO.
33 First Street
NEW YORK

CHINA IN REVOLT

a new pamphlet

Including the discussion by outstanding figures in the Communist International on the great revolt in China by

STALIN
BUCHARIN
MANUILSKY
TAN PING SHAN

15¢

On China Read Also
THE AWAKENING OF CHINA

by Jas. H. Dolsen.

A complete history of the awakening of over four hundred million people. With photographs, maps and original documents.

NOW 50 CENTS

The
DAILY
WORKER
PUBLISHING
COMPANY
33 First Street
NEW YORK

Peonage Linked With Texas Floggings; Klan Beats Six in Georgia

(Continued from Page One)

expulsion and reorganization policy is demoralizing the union and called for peace and unity as the only hope for revitalizing the organization. Won't Legalize Packed Convention

The Unity Committee decided that if the 31 right wing delegates from New York are allowed to vote on the expulsion of the joint board unions, all its delegates will withdraw from the convention in order not to legalise its acts and proceed to New York, where great rallies will be held with the striking furriers. A conference will be sought with President Green of the A. F. of L. who responded cordially to the Toronto Joint Board's suggestion for peace and unity.

I. Shiplacoff, Pocket Book Writer, Morris Feinstein, United Hebrew Trades and Louis Berger, Neckwear Workers were brought down from New York today to bolster the machine's vicious onslaught on the left wing. Shiplacoff pledged 1,000 scab guards from each furrier picket in the present strike.

Abe Cahan and B. Vladeck of the Forward, invited to speak could not be present but sent best wishes in the fight on Communism, and against the Left Wing furriers, that is, against the rank and file of the union.

It was about 9 p.m. when "international relations" became strained and war clouds darkened an otherwise peaceful horizon. The "Army" was engaged in a strenuous gastronomic attack on a nice juicy steak. It, (the Army) having decisively defeated the steak in the most brilliant engagement that has been fought since the defense of Ypres; inquired of the waitress if she were a "Canadian" or a "Bohunk."

The "Army" was told to tend to its own affairs. His Majesty's Forces therupon severed diplomatic relations in an unprintable verbal "note." The "Amazon Artillery" immediately retaliated with its heaviest guns—or was it a salt shaker? Well anyway the war was on. Britain's military supremacy was vastly (but only temporarily) upheld when a cavalry whip raised a welt across the waitress's shoulders.

Peonage Leads to Flogging.

MARSHALL, Texas, June 14.—A tenant farmer, W. E. Straps, and his wife, who were almost beaten to death by five masked men last Wednesday, were discovered by State Troopers yesterday.

The flogging is closely connected with the widespread system of peonage that is prevalent here. Federal authorities are beginning an investigation of the case.

Boxer's Angel Wants Dividend

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 15.—A jury was selected before Supreme Court Justice Arthur S. Tompkins, who was sentenced to serve a year in Atlanta for his famous "bath-tub party."

Congressman Sol Bloom of New

York, James Carroll, the prisoner's brother, and Dr. Peeler, a friend of the family, attempted to persuade Attorney General Sargent to recommend to Coolidge that he be paroled "so that he could go to a sanatorium."

Sherriff claims he was the "discoverer" of Bernstein, and that many years ago a verbal agreement was made between himself and the fugitive whereby he was to receive a portion of the boxer's earnings. It is this money that Sherriff is trying to collect.

Calles May Use Troops To Keep U. S. Oil Kings From Illegal Drilling

(Continued from Page One)

MEXICO CITY, June 15.—Charging that some American oil companies are drilling in Mexico without government permission, the government announced today that if necessary it will use Federal troops to prevent new wells being sunk on lands which are in dispute under the new oil laws.

Locks have been broken and work renewed, the government charges, and announcement is made of the dispatch of troops to guard the wells which have been ordered closed.

Female Hasher's Troops Rout the King's Soldier

By A. C. WINDEL

CALGARY.—The King's Crown was knocked all awry. The famous Chair of Westminster tottered and the flag was trampled in the mud: All this on H. M.'s 62nd birthday—in a Calgary hash house.

It was about 9 p.m. when "international relations" became strained and war clouds darkened an otherwise peaceful horizon. The "Army" was engaged in a strenuous gastronomic attack on a nice juicy steak. It, (the Army) having decisively defeated the steak in the most brilliant engagement that has been fought since the defense of Ypres; inquired of the waitress if she were a "Canadian" or a "Bohunk."

The "Army" was told to tend to its own affairs. His Majesty's Forces therupon severed diplomatic relations in an unprintable verbal "note." The "Amazon Artillery" immediately retaliated with its heaviest guns—or was it a salt shaker? Well anyway the war was on. Britain's military supremacy was vastly (but only temporarily) upheld when a cavalry whip raised a welt across the waitress's shoulders.

Here is an indefinable something that grips the guts. Here is a courage that belittles battlefield heroism.

As one load of truly heroic strikers are being hustled off to the police station a colored porter of a nearby building shouts, "Give 'em a hand—demolish the boys." The passersby cheer and wave their hats.

A few hours later in the Jefferson Market Police Court the sounds of singing and cheering floated up from the cells into the dingy court room. The court is crowded with sympathizers and fellow strikers.

Hovering about one sees the enemies of these plucky fighters. Who are they? Vicious-faced policemen. Pallid, shuffling gunmen, sniveling rats, the human offal of a great city.</p

HIST! PIONEERS! BOYS OF SIX ARE FIGHTING IN THE CHINESE REVOLUTION

Free State in

Political Chaos After Election

CHANG TSO LIN DECLARES MARTIAL LAW AS NATIONALISTS NEAR PEKING



NATIONALIST PIONEERS OF CHINA

(Nationalist News Agency.)
HANKOW, May 7. (By Mail)—Some small boys were drummer lads; some were water carriers;—and some—bust my hearties—some very, very youthful spuds!

Every young lad in America, reading the history of the part taken in the 1776 revolution by youths, halts with shining eyes—with fast beating heart to think—

"I could have done that."

"Gosh! Why don't we have another revolution so that I—"

And then the mad, wild dreams—the image of leading a great army, bearing a streaming flag aloft.

In far-off China small boys need not dream of taking part in a revolution.

They are—thousands of them serving a useful purpose in the present struggle. China, like America in 1776, is striving to shake off the shackles of British domination and imperialism. And her small boys are taking no small part in the fight.

Thirty thousand boys between the ages of 6 and 18 are organized in Boys' Corps in Nationalist China.

Cad in neat khaki, red handkerchiefs twisted about their shoulders, sturdy staffs in their hands—you find these youths everywhere—you find these youths everywhere—Duty.

An astonishing activity that is being carried on by these boys," one official report states, "is to persuade all women to unbind their feet."

You see these small lads, early in the morning, marching to factories in crowds, carrying banners inscribed—

"We want a shorter working day—eight hours are enough."

Late at night you find them keeping order at revolutionary street meetings.

Mass Meeting.

At a great mass gathering recently, when 200,000 people met in celebration, and 16,000 members of the Boys' Corps acted as guards, a group of foreigners was inadvertently caught in a rush for the gate.

"To have stumbled in that great mass of moving people would have meant certain death," an American girl, a member of the party told later.

"My shoes were trampled from my feet—the crowd seemed to have lost sense of direction and milled back and forward in horrible confusion—yet, I was never too frightened. Always somewhere in the multitude, I could see the khaki uniform of a Boys' Corps member, trapped just as I—but every valiantly waving his stick aloft, calling out directions to the crowd—attempting to subdue the confusion. Eventually, the boys were successful."

The Boys' Corps movement may be divided into three types: the

Boys' Corps of the working class, the Boys' Corps of the student class, and the Boys' Corps of the peasant class. Altho these boys are of three classes of people, yet their objects and methods of organization are identical—to fasten the working spirit, promote community life, develop the spirit of sacrifice and bravery, and to further the interests of laborers and peasants.

Surprising Progress.

Besides the development of the Boys' Corps during the last three months in Hupeh province, there are in Shanghai about 10,000 youths, in Hunan 5,000, and in Kwangtung 3,000. The other provinces have not yet organized, but the students' unions, the labor unions, and the pe-

sons' unions in the various provinces have adopted measures to organize Boys' Corps in the immediate future.

Although the organization in Hupeh was formed only three months ago, it has made surprisingly rapid pro-

gress. The following is the creed

of the Boys' Corps, or rather the rules which they must obey:

Boys must be obedient to their in-

ficers; they must protect the inter-

ests of the laborers; they must be

friendly to one another; they must

not drink, smoke, gamble or enter-

tain in any superstitious ideas; their slogans

are "Down with imperialism, militarism;" and they must become masters of the world.

The flag of the boys is five and

a half feet long and three feet and

three inches wide. Whenever they

meet one another, they must salute.

Wherever they go, they must take

their staffs with them. Training of

the "Day shift" boys corps is con-

ducted by the labor unions from 6 to

9 a. m.; training of "night shift"

from 6 to 9 in the evenings.

The first group of boys was

formed last month at Chihikow,

Hankow. Thereafter all of the dis-

tricts followed the example. On

February 26, the Hupeh Provincial

Organization was established at the

headquarters of the Provincial La-

bor Union.

The total number of Boys' Corps

members in Hupeh, it is estimated,

is about 30,000. During the past three

months, they have been carrying on

drilling, singing, lecturing, studying

revolutionary knowledge, and other

boys' activities as tailoring, cooking,

propagating laborers' and peasants'

movements. An astonishing activity

that is being carried on by these

youths is to persuade all women to

unbind their feet. As a result, foot-

binding has been remarkably dimini-

shed in Wuhan recently.

To Eradicate.

In order to eradicate the oppression of imperialists and to further the welfare of the working class, the ladies have pledged themselves to carry out the following program:

1. To strengthen the Boys' organiza-

tions in Wuhan, to form red cross

corps, bands, and propaganda groups.

2. To establish an Institute for

training leaders and workers for orga-

nizing Boys' Corps.

3. To collect and compile materials

for the boys of the working class to

study.

4. To hold health propaganda

weeks.

5. To exterminate all feudal influ-

ences, superstition, and medieval thought in China.

6. To teach the relationship be-

tween the workers and the labor

unions.

7. To demand factories to shorten

the hours of work for boys.

Besides the Boys' Corps organized

and directed by the labor unions, there

are boy scouts in various

schools in Wuhan. These boy scouts

were organized by the Wuhan Stu-

dents' Union. The methods of reor-

ganizing these boy scouts, their cred

and principles, and works will be

the same as those of the Boys' Corps

just organized among the workers'

children and relations.

The following is a table showing

the number of Boys' Corps members

in China:

Countess Markievicz acquired the title thru marriage with a Polish count from whom she separated owing to differences of opinion over the war. She belongs to the more radical wing of the Republican movement and considers herself a Workers' Republi-

cian. She took part in the Easter Week rebellion with James Connolly and other leaders and was sentenced

to death, a sentence afterwards com-

muted. She was the first woman ever

elected to the British house of com-

mons but refused to take her seat,

since she did not recognize the right

of the imperialist parliament to legis-

late for the people of Ireland. She

has just been elected to the Dail from

South Dublin, in opposition to the

Cograve government.

Countess Markievicz.

Countess Markievicz acquired the title thru marriage with a Polish count from whom she separated owing to differences of opinion over the war. She belongs to the more radical wing of the Republican movement and considers herself a Workers' Republi-

cian. She took part in the Easter Week rebellion with James Connolly and other leaders and was sentenced

to death, a sentence afterwards com-

muted. She was the first woman ever

elected to the British house of com-

mons but refused to take her seat,

since she did not recognize the right

of the imperialist parliament to legis-

late for the people of Ireland. She

has just been elected to the Dail from

South Dublin, in opposition to the

Cograve government.

SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

(Continued from Page One)

Government participated in the con-

ference.

Report Nationalist Victory

Reports from Wuhan state that Nationalist troops have won a decisive victory over Yang Sen's army. Yang Sen is a lieutenant of Chang Tso-lin's and occupied Yaoyukan.

Trade unions and other workers and peasant's organizations are protesting against the dispatch of British and Japanese troops to Shantung and American marines to Tientsin, reports from Wuhan state.

Labor Conference Scores Imperialism

The Pan-Pacific Trade Union Congress has published an appeal to the workers of the world, declaring that only an energetic protest can prevent the dispatch of imperialist troops to China.

The opening of the All-China Trade

Union Congress has been fixed for

July 19th. (Last year's congress repre-

sented more than 2 million organized

workers; it is expected that this year's congress will represent close to three million organized workers.)

Open Labor Ministry

WUHAN (Hankow), June 2 (Delayed).—The Agricultural Ministry was solemnly opened a few days ago by Tang Ping-chan.

In his address he placed the prob-

lems of the peasantry into three

categories.

In north China, he said, the prin-

cipal problem of the peasantry is the

struggle against the militarists;

in Honan the chief problem is co-opera-

tion with the revolutionary army (the capture of virtually all of Honan by General Feng changes the problem for the Honan peasants); in Honan and Hupeh the chief problem is the

organization of the peasantry.

Call For War On Chiang

SHANGHAI, June 2 (Delayed).—The Shanghai Trades Council which was dissolved by Chiang Kai-shek in April issued an illegal manifesto on May 30th, Commemoration Day for the Shanghai massacre.

The manifesto appeals to the work-

ing class to fight against Chiang Kai-

shek. She took part in the Easter

Week rebellion with James Connolly and other leaders and was sentenced

to death, a sentence afterwards com-

muted. She was the first woman ever

elected to the British house of com-

mons but refused to take her seat,

THE DAILY WORKER

Published by the DAILY WORKER PUBLISHING CO.
Daily, Except Sunday

85 First Street, New York, N. Y. Phone, Orchard 1630
Cable Address: "Daiwork"

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

By mail (in New York only): By mail (outside of New York):
\$5.00 per year \$4.50 six months \$6.00 per year \$5.50 six months
\$2.50 three months \$2.00 three months

Address all mail and make out checks to
THE DAILY WORKER, 85 First Street, New York, N. Y.

J. LOUIS ENGAHL Editors
WILLIAM F. DUNNE
BEPT MILLER business Manager

Entered as second-class mail at the post-office at New York, N. Y., under
the act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising rates on application.

Plain and Fancy Editorial Lying.

In a copyrighted article the New York Times informs its readers that Moscow is in a state of panic, that foreigners are fleeing the city, that deep gloom pervades the whole. A careful reading of the article reveals the Times' sources of information. The article carries a London dateline, which indicates that much of it was concocted by that utterly unprincipled liar, Ernest Marshall. But even Marshall, expert prevaricator, does not take full responsibility for the article. He takes some parts of it from a Warsaw dispatch to the Daily Mail, other parts from a Riga (headquarters of white-guard lie factories) message to the same paper.

There may be a degree of truth in the statement that there is panic in Moscow, but it is not among the masses. If there is any fear of impending calamity it is among those miserable hirelings of imperialism who realize now, since the execution of the murderous conspirators against the workers' and peasants' government, that their game is up—that they must unconditionally stop their activities or take the consequences.

Lindbergh Now a Megaphone for War-Mongers.

All hopes that young Lindbergh would follow the footsteps of his father, who opposed this country's participation in the world war, have gone glimmering in the past twenty-four hours. That he is now a conscious part of the war machine, is plain to everyone. Tuesday evening at the Commodore Hotel, before the assembled Tammanyites and the plutocrats attending the banquet arranged in his behalf by the "mayor's reception committee," and on Wednesday before the New York Chamber of Commerce, comprising New York's biggest financiers, merchants and their legal lights—the corporation lawyers—Lindbergh made typical jingo speeches calculated to advance the interests of the dollar patriots who cheered him to the echo.

"The City of New York," he told his hearers, "would be the most vulnerable spot in this country in the event of war." Using the usual banal twaddle that characterizes all imperialist spokesmen who try to conceal their murderous aims behind the mask of pacifism the young flyer added: "We don't want war in this country. One of the surest ways to prevent it is to be prepared for it." The young man may be courageous in his flying feats, as he undoubtedly is, but his remarks prove that he has no thoughts of his own. Every miserable penny-a-liner who turns out press dope for the patriotic societies of the country repeats the identical language used on these two occasions.

Lindbergh's present actions are an insult to the memory of his father and shows that he and his mother deliberately strive to undo the work against Wall Street that the elder Lindbergh so courageously, in the face of war fanaticism, carried on. His feat was, after all, not an individual achievement, but simply the result of the technical development of the airplane, a social development to which unnumbered people contributed.

This wave of intensive war propaganda serves one purpose, however, and that is to dramatize the important role that will be played by bombing planes in the next war.

It also is a warning to the working class to begin at once preparations for combatting with every means at our command the conspiracies of the imperialists who are preparing for the next world slaughter, which will be more ghastly than the last because of the perfection of greater instruments of destruction.

Appropriate Honors for Mr. Stimson.

Colonel Henry L. Stimson, ambassador extraordinary of Calvin Coolidge, the National City Bank and other plunderers of the South and Central American republics, has been signally honored by a university that is fit only to honor such a person. As personal representative of Mr. Coolidge, Wall Street's white hope, Stimson declared a private war on the liberal government and, with the assistance of American marines, overthrew it in the interest of Wall Street's puppet, Diaz.

He was given the degree of doctor of laws by Syracuse University, which Upton Sinclair, in his "Goose-Step" refers to as "the university of heaven."

It is eminently proper that this of all universities should honor Stimson because of his alleged achievement in bringing peace to Nicaragua—the peace of the desert, the silence of death.

This university has a rare tradition, being sponsored by as rare a bunch of pirates as ever scuttled a ship or cut a throat. Among the luminaries in this galaxy of stars appears the name of John D. Archbold, president of the Standard Oil Company; Huyle, the candy king; Samuel Browne, the cod-liver oil faker; L. C. Smith of typewriter fame; Louis Marshall, corporation lawyer of New York and Edgar T. Brackett, one of the leading political crooks of Saratoga Springs, the great gambling and red-light resort. Added to these worthies are a dozen or so pulpits pounds, Elmer Gantrys in various stages of development, who sanctify with their stale platitudes the rich thieves who direct the institution. Truly it is the university of heaven—the golden shore—that has thus honored the ex-secretary of war for his part in overthrowing a government of Nicaragua that dared challenge the power of his brigand masters on Wall Street.

Carrying Civilization to the Chinese.

In view of the fact that the return of Lindbergh near flag day has been utilized as an excuse to lengthen the usual observation from one day to six days, thereby establishing "flag week" in order to have more time for intensive militarist propaganda, it is timely to expose some of the pastimes of the gunmen of American imperialism in China. These messengers of light and liberty, Christianity and civilization, are regular patrons of Chinese brothels maintained within the boundaries of the international settlement at Shanghai where fifteen-year-old girls live horrible existences in order to satisfy their bestial desires.

The Chinese women of Shanghai, through the Women's De-



What the Daily Worker Means to the Workers

More Encouraging Contributions to Our Emergency Fund.

Comrade Fred G. Pfister, of St. Louis, sends \$10.00 "to help pay the \$500.00 fine against The DAILY WORKER."

Comrade Frances Pilist, of New York, organized a special DAILY WORKER bazaar at an outing of the Workingmen's Singing Society, which netted \$35.00 "toward the payment of The DAILY WORKER fine." Comrade Joseph Kertesz adds a personal donation of \$1.00.

Comrade M. Auerbach, Mass., says: "I am sending you \$1.00; I'm joining the 'five hundreds'."

Comrade John Rushton, of Detroit, sends \$5.00 as his "contribution towards the \$500.00 blood money they are trying to extract from The DAILY WORKER."

Street Nucleus No. 26, Chicago, forwards a check for \$15.00 as a contribution to the sustaining fund of The DAILY WORKER.

Slovak-Fraction No. 1, of the Czech-Slovak Section, Chicago, sends a contribution of \$20.00, "to carry on the fight for The DAILY WORKER and our Editors."

At a meeting of Section 5, New York, a collection for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER netted \$41.66; an additional \$3.00 is contributed by Branch 2, of the same section.

The American Lithuanian Workers' Literary Ass'n, Union, N. J., sends a contribution of \$6.10 for the DAILY WORKER fund.

M. Belich, Ashley, Pa. 50
J. Medved, Ashley, Pa. 50
V. Turina, Ashley, Pa. 50
M. Popovich, Ashley, Pa. 50
J. Bichanich, Ashley, Pa. 25
A. Domovick, Ashley, Pa. 25
J. Chich, Ashley, Pa. 1.00
V. Klobucar, Ashley, Pa. 1.00
N. Borich, Ashley, Pa. 1.00
J. Grubisich, Ashley, Pa. 50
Geo. Kvesich, Ashley, Pa. 50
M. Borich, Ashley, Pa. 50
F. Dankhoff, Wnawantkill, N. Y. 5.00
T. M. Nagle, Westerville, Pa. 20.00
E. Weissman, Exeter, Pa. 10.00
Greek Workers, Detroit Mich. 26.00
Joseph Kline, Brockton, Mass. 5.00
F. A. Grica, Millwood, N. Y. 2.00
Manuel P. Cruz, Millwood, N. Y. 2.00
J. Schlein, Sea Gate, C. I. 1.00
Henry Brink, N. Y. C. 1.00
M. Kapsha, Cresson, Pa. 1.00
D. A. Goldberg, New Haven, Conn. 1.00
O. Zimmerman, (collected) Milwaukee, Wis. 8.27
Lewis Fox, N. Y. C. 3.00
Kuati Niemi, Glassport, Pa. 2.45
Gust. Anderson, Glassport, Pa. 10.00

part of the Koumintang (nationalist party) have protested against this white-slavery. They assert that "one of the objects of the revolution is the emancipation of women and it is humiliating and gruesome that China's womanhood should be trampled under the iron heel of foreign imperialism."

Mothers and Fathers! Now is the time to place your sons in the clutches of the imperialist military machine so that they may be taught to be clean, healthy young men and bring to the heathen their high ideals in the form of brothels harboring female children.

Those who have sons in Uncle Sam's army ought to be proud of their exalted pastimes!

| |
|--|
| John Aho, Glassport, Pa. 2.00 |
| R. Tabutie, Glassport, Pa. 1.00 |
| J. Jarvis, Glassport, Pa. 1.00 |
| L. Mailane, Glassport, Pa. 1.00 |
| U. Maike, Glassport, Pa. 2.00 |
| E. Komppa, Glassport, Pa. 1.00 |
| G. Janka, Glassport, Pa. 1.00 |
| M. Simonen, Glassport, Pa. 1.00 |
| H. Wuta, Glassport, Pa. 2.00 |
| Kuti Niemi, (collected) Glassport, Pa. 3.55 |
| W. A. Patterson, Zanesville, O. 9.00 |
| E. Shankow, Flint, Mich. 9.00 |
| Arvid Arvidson, Einer Peterson, Harry Peterson, Fritz Peterson, Hicksville, N. Y. 10.00 |
| N. Dozenberg, Chicago, Ill. 12.00 |
| J. Martens, Moline, Ill. 5.00 |
| S. Zollinger, Chicago, Ill. 5.00 |
| Magnetic Pigment Co., Trenton, N. J. 10.00 |
| Chas. F. Carles, Plymouth, Pa. 10.00 |
| Louis F. Weisz, Sr., Worcester, Mass. 5.00 |
| Sig Fisch, Philadelphia, Pa. 10.00 |
| Dr. Mislig, City 5.00 |
| Max Cohen, (collected) Peoria, Illinois. 25 |
| Alfred E. Goetz, Ruth Goetz, Detroit, Mich. 10.00 |
| L. Bosky, Chicago, Ill. 3.00 |
| B. Ronin, Chattanooga, Tenn. 1.00 |
| M. Monson, Chattanooga, Tenn. 1.00 |
| J. Daneman, Chattanooga, Tenn. 1.00 |
| J. Frank, Chattanooga, Tenn. 1.00 |
| Sam Borenstein, Chattanooga, Tenn. 1.00 |
| H. Weise, Newark, N. J. 2.50 |
| R. Osius, Newark, N. J. 1.00 |
| J. Weise, Newark, N. J. 1.00 |
| A. Feldman, Newark, N. J. 50 |
| Tom Kusloff, Toledo, Ohio 3.00 |
| A. Durko, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| W. M. Furgal, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| J. Mikulski, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| S. Brezazski, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| Klementovich, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| J. Nielson, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| A. Friend, Toledo, Ohio 1.00 |
| J. Lastowski, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| K. K. Toledo, Ohio 1.00 |
| H. Weise, Newark, N. J. 2.50 |
| R. Osius, Newark, N. J. 1.00 |
| J. Weise, Newark, N. J. 1.00 |
| A. Feldman, Newark, N. J. 50 |
| Tom Kusloff, Toledo, Ohio 3.00 |
| A. Durko, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| W. M. Furgal, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| J. Mikulski, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| S. Brezazski, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| Klementovich, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| J. Nielson, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| A. Friend, Toledo, Ohio 1.00 |
| J. Lastowski, Toledo, Ohio 50 |
| K. K. Toledo, Ohio 1.00 |
| Hugo Dobner, SN 25, Chicago, Illinois 10.00 |
| John Huerst, Ukiah, Calif. 1.00 |
| Frank Nuclei Central Bureau, Detroit, Mich. 75.00 |
| Anna Shackman, Detroit, Mich. 5.00 |
| Mrs. M. Kapetansky, Detroit, Michigan. 5.00 |
| F. Marraccini, Elizabeth, Pa. 5.00 |
| Frank Engman, (collected) Zanesville, O. 14.00 |
| John Wild, Gloversville, N. Y. 50 |
| Bradford G. Williams, Lakeland, Fla. 5.00 |
| Hugo Dobner, SN 25, Chicago, Illinois 10.00 |
| Wm. F. Miller, Chicago, Ill. 1.00 |
| John Huerst, Ukiah, Calif. 1.00 |
| Frank Nuclei Central Bureau, Detroit, Mich. 75.00 |
| Anna Shackman, Detroit, Mich. 5.00 |
| Mrs. M. Kapetansky, Detroit, Michigan. 5.00 |
| F. Marraccini, Elizabeth, Pa. 5.00 |
| Frank Engman, (collected) Zanesville, O. 14.00 |
| Chas. Cassell, Kalamazoo, Mich. 2.00 |
| Geo. Maynard, N. Y. C. 3.00 |
| St Herman, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. 5.00 |

John Huerst, Ukiah, Calif. 1.00

Frank Nuclei Central Bureau, Detroit, Mich. 75.00

Anna Shackman, Detroit, Mich. 5.00

Mrs. M. Kapetansky, Detroit, Michigan. 5.00

F. Marraccini, Elizabeth, Pa. 5.00

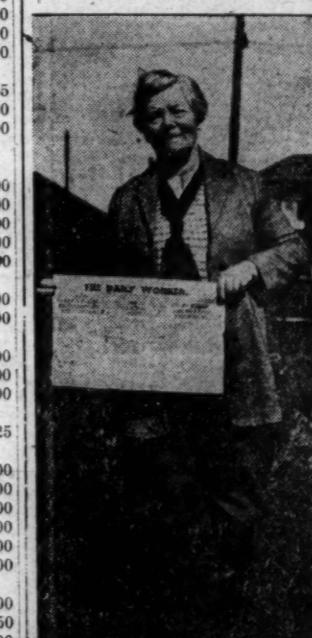
Frank Engman, (collected) Zanesville, O. 14.00

Chas. Cassell, Kalamazoo, Mich. 2.00

Geo. Maynard, N. Y. C. 3.00

St Herman, Poughkeepsie, N. Y. 5.00

"Mother" Bloor in Cross Country Hitch-Hiking Tour for Daily Worker



Miss M. B. Bingham, Evanston, Illinois

Archie J. Young, Mt. Vernon, Washington

Juneau, Alaska, S. N., Seattle, Washington

Washington 27.00

CURRENT EVENTS

(Continued from Page One)

wishes against the Red Army and the execution of foreign spies but a foretaste of what is in store for them should they embark on a war will not do the cause of peace the slightest harm.

THE British press is busily engaged reporting executions throughout the Soviet Union. The idea is to create the impression that the Russians are discontented with the government and that the latter is using terroristic methods against the people. Whatever executions have taken place there, have been officially announced by the government. When Britain talks about terror we do not forget her bloody policy in India. Rarely a week passes by that some Hindoo nationalist is not put to death for trying to free his country from British rule.

Every Party Nucleus must collect 50 cents from every member and will receive 20 pamphlets for every member to sell or distribute.

Nuclei in the New York District will get their pamphlets from the District office—108 East 14th St.

Nuclei outside of the New York District write to THE DAILY WORKER publishing Co., 33 East First Street, New York City, or to the National Office, Workers Party, 1113 W. Washington Blvd., Chicago, Ill.

Directions—Take Kinsman up to end of line. Buses will be there to take you to the picnic grounds.

DRAMA

MARJORIE GATESON

Provincetown to Produce Aeschylus' "Seven Against Thebes"

Four new plays by American authors, and "Seven Against Thebes" by Aeschylus are listed for production by the Provincetown Playhouse next season at their little theatre, on Macdougal Street. Paul Green, winner of the Pulitzer prize for his play "In Abraham's Bosom," is included in the program for a new play. Aeschylus' "Seven Against Thebes," the announcement reads, will be produced in a new manner. Three new plays will be selected during the summer months from manuscripts submitted by American authors.

"When the Provincetown Playhouse starts its thirteenth season next fall," the new prospectus reads, "it will be one of the few remaining non-commercial theatres in New York where young American playwrights, directors, artists and actors can get a hearing and find a welcome. In the past our playhouse has rendered important service to the American drama, has given basic direction to the development of the American stage, during the last decade. Eugene O'Neill, Susan Glaspell, George Cram Cook, Edna St. Vincent Millay, among others, and this season's Pulitzer Prize winner, Paul Green, author of "In Abraham's Bosom," testify to the successful fulfillment of our

JOINT BOARD DELEGATES RETURNING; REPORT AT MEETING HERE VERY SOON

The Joint Board delegates are returning from the Washington "convention" of the Furriers' Union. Several returned last night and more are expected to reach New York today.

Within several days a membership meeting of the union will be held at which a full report on what took place at Washington will be given.

Textile Workers of Brooklyn on Strike Against Wage Cut

By A Worker Correspondent.
For the first three weeks the broad silk weavers of the Perfect Silk Co., a mill located at 1425-37th St., Brooklyn, have been out on strike.

The Perfect Silk Co. is a Syrian concern employing 60 workers, chiefly Syrians.

The present strike came as a result of an attempt on the part of the concern to force a wage cut upon its weavers.

During the past year the conditions in the silk industry have grown steadily worse. Not only has there been a rapid extension of the vicious three and four loom system, but close upon its heels, in fact as an inevitable accompaniment, a decrease in wages and increase in hours from 8 to 10, 11 and 12 hours a day.

Conditions Among Worst.

Conditions in the silk industry are among the worst existing in any American industry. The average weekly wage of a weaver is \$20. For this miserable wage the textile weavers slaves 10, 11 and 12 hours a day!

How unbearable the situation had become can readily be seen from the fact that the Syrians, the backbone of the 3- and 4-loom systems, and long hours in New York, have walked out on strike against their employer, who is their countryman.

Lack of Organization.

The reason for the rotten conditions prevailing in the textile industry can be found mainly in the lack of organization among the workers. Only an insignificant number of silk workers are organized in trade unions.

A local of textile workers with headquarters at 51 East 10th St., known as Local 1615 United Textile Workers affiliated with the American Federation of Labor has been recently organized in Greater New York. This union has as its aim the organization of all textile workers in Greater New York regardless of craft.

Only through organization can we do away with the abominable conditions in the textile industry.

Renegade Union Print Shop Seeks Injunction

CHICAGO, June 15 (FP).—Hearings are proceeding in the petition of the White (Regan) Printing house for a permanent injunction against 5 unions that are fighting a lockout declared April 18. Attorneys for the concern, which changed to the open shop practically overnight after many years under union agreements, closely questioned editor James Bruck of The Federation News, official Chicago labor organ, on the source of his news stories about the lockout. He mentioned The Federated Press and other sources.

The unions in the struggle are Typographical No. 16, Printing Workers 3 and 4, Bookbinders 8 and 30.

John D. Calis for Self-Reliance, PROVIDENCE, June 15.—John D. Rockefeller, Jr., acting as presiding officer at the commencement luncheon of Brown University here declared that students should be made to pay "a larger share of their education." Exceptions should be made, however, where they are studying for the ministry, he added.

For Boss Released on Bail. WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., June 15.—After spending a week in jail, Nathan Kessler, president of the Yonkers Fur Dressing Company, was released in \$50,000 bail today pending trial on an indictment charging arson in the first degree.



in White Rock Mts.
WINGDALE, N. Y.

All conveniences; all sports; hiking; fishing; rowing; swimming; dancing; amusements. FOR REGISTRATION AND INFORMATION: "Freelert" Office 2 to 8 P.M., 155 Lexington Ave., Unity House, and Harlem Co-op, 155 West End Avenue, New York City, N.Y. BUSES leave 26 Union Square every Friday at 6 P.M. Saturdays at 1 P.M.

BUILDING TRADES HEAD CALLS FOR INDUSTRIAL CZAR

Seen as Wedge in Drive For Open Shop

A now open-shop offensive in the building trades is now being inaugurated under the guise of advocacy of a "Czar" for the industry. Declaring that "Brindellism is still in existence," G. G. Norman, head of the Building Trades Employers' Association who is viciously smashing at the 12 weeks' strike of the Brooklyn plumbers, is leading the campaign for an official autocracy which will be the entering wedge for crushing the workers' organizations.

These facts became evident at the second day's session of the New York Industrial Survey Commission which is hearing testimony with the view toward recommending the appointment of a building trades czar, who will be expected to safeguard the interests of "the public."

It is evident that the appointment of the "czar" of the industry would ultimately involve the appointment of a committee which would enforce compulsory arbitration. Similar committees have been composed of representatives of the bosses, labor, and the "public." The representatives of the "public," however, have inevitably been drawn from conservative business groups.

Outhawry of all strikes would be a natural consequence of this commission, it is pointed out.

Progressives in the building trades union in this city declare that the present hearings have been inspired by the Building Trades Employers' Association of this city, and form part of a propaganda program to beat down the wages and working conditions of the workers.

It is pointed out that only an amalgamation of the building trades which will present a united front to the proposed attacks of the employers will enable the various unions involved to safeguard the victories that they have thus far achieved.

THIRD LECTURE ON CHINA TO BE GIVEN ON FRIDAY

The third of the series of four lectures on China will be delivered at the Workers' School this Friday evening by H. M. Wicks. This will deal with the development of the Nationalist liberation movement before and after the world war, showing the different stages through which it has passed to its present stage, with particular emphasis upon the effect of imperialist exploitation in China.

Lectures Well Attended.

The lectures on China have thus far been the best attended series ever delivered at the school, there being about 200 for each lecture. This lecture will start at eight o'clock sharp and those who come late will have only themselves to blame for the part they miss. Each lecture, though part of a course, is also complete in itself so that the full benefit is derived whether you have attended the previous ones or not.

SACCO and VANZETTI SHALL NOT DIE!

VOLUNTEERS WANTED

The Joint Defense and Relief Committee needs volunteer workers. Call at office, 41 Union Square. Ask for Lena Chernenko.

Health Food Vegetarian Restaurant
1600 Madison Ave.
PHONE: UNIVERSITY 5-265.

John's Restaurant
SPECIALTY: ITALIAN DISHES
A place with atmosphere where all radicals meet.
302 E. 12th St. New York

Brooklyn Comrades, Attention!

All Brooklyn Party members should report this morning, 10 A.M. at 29 Graham Ave., for special duty in connection with the Lindbergh parade in Brooklyn.

Special DAILY WORKER Meeting

DAILY WORKER agents and DAILY WORKER representatives of Workers Party units will meet TONIGHT, 8 P.M. at 108 East 14th St., to take up plans for the midsummer carnival and fair for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER.

PARTY ACTIVITIES NEW YORK-NEW JERSEY

Open Air Meetings Tonight.
Second Ave. and Tenth St. Speakers: Cowell, Glazin, McDonald, Pollack, Solnitsky.

Graham Ave. and Varet St., Brooklyn. Speakers: Ginsberg, F. Jacobs Powers.

Clairement Parkway and Washington St. Speakers: Bentall, Jacobson, Young, Navare.

St. Ans Aves. and 138th St. Speakers: Baum, Bert Miller, Gerson, Fort Whitteman.

Veherinka and Dance Tomorrow Night.

A Veherinka and Dance will be held tomorrow at 81 East 110th St. by the Harlem Workers' Center and the Harlem Section, Workers Party.

There will be music, refreshments and a good time for all. Admission 35 cents.

New Pioneer Group in Brooklyn

A new Pioneer group has been formed in East New York. Meetings are held every Saturday, 10 a.m. at 250 Bradford St., between Belmont and Sutter Ave. All boys and girls living in the neighborhood are invited to join.

Correction.

The Sacco-Vanzetti open air meeting announced in this column yesterday for Saturday at Steinway and Jackson Ave., L.I. City was held last Saturday. The announcement which appeared this week appeared by mistake.

Hands-Off China Meeting Saturday.

A Hands-Off China air meeting will be held Saturday evening at Steinway and Jamaica Aves. Abraham Markoff will speak.

Party Units, Attention!

All notices of party affairs, meetings and other activities for publication in the DAILY WORKER should be addressed to the Party News Editor, The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., Houston St.

Organizations of Harlem and Bronx Hold Summer Festival.

A summer festival in the form of a concert and colorite ball is arranged thru the joint efforts of organizations of Harlem and Bronx for Saturday, June 18th, at the New Star Casino.

The entire proceeds will go to build a camp for workers children, namely the "Young Pioneer Camp," which deserves the support of every worker.

Tickets are 50 cents in advance and 75 cents at the door. They can be obtained at the office of Young Pioneer Camp, 106 University Place, and at 108 East 14th St., Room 41.

Lower Bronx Pioneers Meet Every Friday.

The lower Bronx Pioneers are active again. They hold their regular meetings every Friday at 611 East 140th St., near Cypress Ave., 1:30 p.m. All party members are urged to send their children to the meeting.

Brooklyn Comrades, Attention!

All Brooklyn party members should report this morning, 10 a.m. at 29 Graham Ave., for special duty in connection with the Lindbergh parade in Brooklyn.

A membership meeting of sub-section 2-C will be held tonight at 6:30 at 100 West 28th St. All members are urged to attend as important business will be taken up.

Discuss Furrier Situation.

A regular educational meeting of Nucleus 4A will be held tonight at 81 East 110th St., 8 p.m. The topic of discussion will be "What is taking

Booth Phones, Dry Dock 4612, 7848. Office Phone, Orchard 5-1513. Patronize MANHATTAN LYCEUM Large Halls With Stage for Meetings, Entertainments, Balls, Weddings and Banquets. Capacity 1,000. 68-70 E. 88th St., New York, N.Y. Small Meeting Rooms Always Available.

ANYTHING IN PHOTOGRAPHY STUDIO OR OUTSIDE WORK

Patronize Our Friend SPIESS STUDIO

54 Second Ave., cor. 3rd St. Special Rates for Labor Organizations. (Established 1887.)

Tel. Lehigh 4-222.

DR. ABRAHAM MARKOFF SURGEON DENTIST

Office Hours: 9:30-12 A.M. 2-8 P.M. Daily. Monday and Tuesday evenings. 246 EAST 111th STREET Cor. Second Ave. New York.

Dr. J. Mindel Dr. L. Hendin Surgeon Dentists

1 UNION SQUARE

Room 808 Phone Stuy. 10119

Tel. Orchard 3733 Strictly by Appointment

DR. L. KESSLER SURGEON DENTIST

48-50 DELANCEY STREET

Cor. Eldridge St. New York

Telephone Mett Haven 0506.

DR. MORRIS SHAIN SURGEON DENTIST

592 Oak Terrace, Bronx, N.Y.

141st St. and Crimmins Ave.

DR. JOS. LEVIN SURGEON DENTIST

X-Ray Diagnosis

1215 BRONX RIVER AVENUE

Cor. Westchester Ave., Bronx, N.Y.

Phone: Underhill 2738.

FREIHEIT

30 UNION SQUARE

NEW YORK, N.Y.

Plumbers Return to Work With Issues Being Arbitrated

The 12,000 Brooklyn plumbers have decided to return to work pending final settlement of the strike by negotiation.

The demands of the workers included an increase of the daily wage from \$12 to \$14, and a 5-day week.

Announcement of the decision was made following a conference between Thomas Oates, president of the union, and Thomas E. O'Brien, president of the Master Plumbers' Association.

All the scales will be immediately discharged, and the company union, called the "Amalgamated Plumbers" automatically dissolved as a condition of the return of the union men.

Over 35,000 plumbers' helpers of Greater New York who struck April 1 for union recognition and increase of wages are still out.

place in the Furriers' Union." The discussion will be lead by a furrier. Friends and sympathizers are invited to attend.

Special DAILY WORKER Meeting Friday.

DAILY WORKER agents and DAILY WORKER representatives of Workers Party units will meet Friday, 8 p.m. at 108 East 14th St., to take up plans for the midsummer carnival and fair for the benefit of The DAILY WORKER.

Hands-Off China Meeting Saturday.

A Hands-Off China air meeting will be held Saturday evening at Steinway and Jamaica Aves. Abraham Markoff will speak.

Party Units, Attention!

All notices of party affairs, meetings and other activities for publication in the DAILY WORKER should be addressed to the Party News Editor, The DAILY WORKER, 33 First St., Houston St.

Section One Membership Meeting.

To all Functionaries and Members of Section 1. There will be a regular meeting of all the members of Section 1 on Monday, June 20, 6 p.m. sharp, right after work at 108 E. 14th St., Room 46.

Every sub-section and unit organizer is to be personally responsible for the presence of party members.

It is necessary that every unit be represented fully at this important meeting, in order that our plans may be properly executed.

4 Killed in Montana Flood.

BUTTE, Mont., June 15.—With four known dead and a family of five tourists believed to have been lost, the Wise River was tearing a path of destruction through its valley miles southwest of here, today.

Flood waters from melting snows reached an unexpected volume and took out the Wise River storage dam. The town of Wise River was the heaviest sufferer, losing its post office and other buildings.

5 Hurt in Fire.

Three workers were seriously injured yesterday as a result of an explosion which destroyed the laboratory of the Plastaloid Film Co., Ridgefield, N.J.

The fire, which caused \$150,000 damage, was caused by overheating of one of the machines.

Needle Trades Section T.U.E.L. Hold Meeting Tonight, After Work

The Needle Trades Section, Trade Union Educational League, will meet tonight right after work at Manhattan Lyceum, 66 East Fourth St. Important questions will come up for action. All members must attend.

Jingo Air Program Urged by Lindbergh In Luncheon Speech

Col. Lindbergh has been taught his stuff.

Yesterday noon, at a luncheon at the Astor given in his honor by the New York Chamber of Commerce, the famous aviator spoke up definitely in favor of extending the militaristic program of the U.S. war department.

FURRIERS WEARING STEEL HELMETS ON THE NEW YORK PICKET LINE



In the fur workers' strike now going on in New York, the unionists not only have to fight the bosses, but are pugnacious by police, right-wingers and thugs hired by the international officers of the union or by officials of the American Federation of Labor. It is a united front of the state, the employers and Right Wing against the strikers, with the strikers winning. Above photo shows a group of strikers ready to go out on the picket line, wearing steel helmets to keep off the gangsters' iron bars, and wearing placards. "Our Heads Are Not Safe." They are standing in front of union headquarters.

Flood Disaster a "Help" to Negro Peons

By WM. PICKENS.

As soon as we heard that the Mississippi River had decided to get out of bounds this year, like every other person who really knows the South we knew exactly what was going to happen to the colored people there without waiting to see it happen; but like very few others, we immediately wrote the President of the United States and warned him that these things would happen unless the national government exercised its authority at once to prevent them—by appointing some courageous colored men, RESPONSIBLE TO THE U. S. GOVERNMENT, to look after the interest of the Negroes of the Mississippi Valley.

Well, the President wrote us that he was sending our letter on to the Red Cross and the "dictator." You see, our President is a very cautious man: he never meddles in anything that's none of his business. Then the somebody to whom the President sent the letter, wrote us that he was sending it to somebody else; and so on thru several other such evolutions, until we finally got a long and very clear letter from the Flood Relief Headquarters, Memphis, Tenn.—signed by Henry M. Baker, the general director of relief. It is a good and frank letter, encouraging in its disclosures. But it contains one naive, and of course honest, sentence to which we call attention: assuring us that the treatment received by the Negroes in this disaster is "much better than the treatment received by the Negroes under normal conditions."

The most impressive thing about that statement is that it is true. A great disaster, actually the greatest calamity in the history of those regions, is an IMPROVEMENT on the condition of its Negro peons under "normal conditions."

No essay need be written: that one sentence is a complete commentary on the "civilization" of that valley.

And that does not prove that the Negroes are being treated well, now, either. That statement is of only relative value. We have just read from a daily (white) paper of Greenville, Miss., the perfectly savage "regulations" for the colored refugees: that they are to be tagged and guarded; Negro women and children are not to receive any rations "unless they have no man in the family," which fact must be "certified to by a white person," who is apt to know least about colored families; and where there is a man, if he is receiving more than a dollar a day for his work (for instance, if he gets one dollar and ten cents a day), his family will not receive any rations, whatever the number in the family (in other words, the Red Cross is going to compel Negro men to work for white people for one dollar or less per day, while this advantage is held over these workers); Negroes and only Negroes are to be conscripted to unload and haul and carry all the provisions for everybody,—etc., etc.

In other words, the flood and the Red Cross are to be used to reduce Negro wages and make them in every way more dependent upon the favors of their "good white folks." And yet this is better than the "normal condition."

Evidently the "normal condition" is plain hell!

TYPE, GIRL, TYPE!

Type, girl, type

Type hard on your typing machine. That's what machines are made for. Things in which to pour your bitterness... Say, what do you want to think for anyway? You aren't paid for thinking in office hours, you know. Found, girl, pound. Drawn and damn it all. Twist your mouth into a smile when people speak to you. It would never do to have them see the tears creep in between the dust-laden keys of your machine. Is it spring? What's that to you? Doesn't he love you? What does it matter?

Type, girl, type. Harder, louder, faster and faster. Type, for God's sake, type. Or you'll go mad!

SEND IN YOUR LETTERS

The DAILY WORKER is anxious to receive letters from its readers stating their views on the issues confronting the labor movement. It is our hope to develop a "Letter Box" department that will be of wide interest to all members of The DAILY WORKER family. Send in your letter today to "The Letter Box." The DAILY WORKER, 23 First street, New York City.



NEWS ITEM.—The Middle Classes are fleeing from Moscow.

Professional Patriots

(Continued from last issue)

A large number of the professional patriotic societies are still resting on the laurels achieved during the late war. At that time they secured the permission to print the names of many editors, professors, lawyers and others on their letter-heads, thus acquiring "prestige."

"Professional Patriots" is edited by Norman Hapgood, from material assembled by Sidney Howard and John Hearley.

One paragraph from this pamphlet is worth attention, and needs no comment:

"A committee of The National Civic Federation, which has spent two years studying the revolutionary movements in this country, was greatly disturbed to find the extent to which they have penetrated all groups making up our national life. Not the least disquieting feature of the situation is the fact that so many men in high places have little realization of what is going on about them. For instance, it was learned that, under the very dome of the Capitol at Washington, there was an organization made up of a hundred and fifty secretaries to senators and representatives which was completely in the hands of the Reds. It had been in existence for two years, holding its meetings in the caucus room of the House, and yet few persons, even in Washington, had ever heard of it! But Moscow and the Red 'Liberal' press of all nations had heard of it and knew and exploited the fact that the United States Congress, Jr. had voted in favor of the recognition of Soviet Russia."

In conclusion Mr. Easley laments:

"In the United States, seem to be fighting alone the battle against the Redism of the world. If the flood of propaganda against patriotism continued unchecked, its effect will surely be the undermining of our national virility and the extending of an invitation to the bandits of the world to 'come and help themselves,' for we shall be left defenseless. The question before us to-day is: 'Shall we shrink from the great task which lies before us?' No, a hundred times no—unless we are utterly faithless to our children, to our children's children and to those who sleep in Flanders fields!"

That this hysterical propaganda is not accompanied by any real work for patriotism is testified to by that zealous organ, the Woman Patriot published in Washington. In an article in 1924 entitled 'Embalmed Patriotism,' the editor says:

"Get up and say something!... You people of patriotic organizations, in addition to looking after Memorial Day and the Fourth of July observances, should appoint committees immediately to fight this Red army in our midst! These remarks of William J. Burns, director of the Bureau of Investigation of the Department of Justice, before the Allied Patriotic Societies at New York, February 7, would not have been made by a trained investigator, had not the facts as to patriotic organizations justified, at least in part, this criticism.

The honesty and good intentions of patriotic organizations are not questioned, but unless they 'get up and say something,' or do something for law enforcement, and against radical legislation and propaganda, they ought to close up shop.... We could name half a dozen patriotic organizations, whose sincerity nobody would challenge, which, in spite of their excellent facilities, are actually doing nothing but following this policy of trying to 'look like patriots' and all the rest of it, with a good deal of talk about the Constitution, 'our forefathers' and 'the spirit of our institutions.'

For example, one patriotic society is deeply concerned about the correct use of the Flag—while apparently unconscious that the agents of a murderous foreign Government, in violation of our laws, are organizing to destroy this nation. Another is worried because only 28,000,000 Americans voted in 1920, but apparently unconcerned with what George Washington called 'the basis of our political system,' 'the right of the people to make and alter their Constitution.' A third deplores unconstitutional legislation, but cannot afford to get into any 'controversies' about it!

"That organization issues excellent tracts about the Constitution but assures us that if it discussed current legislation it would 'get into hot water at once with its members.'

"A fourth wants to know why charges with specifications were filed against Communist leaders under Federal Statutes when it would have been so nice to talk about the Soviet invitation to Congressmen who have declined to accept it!"

While we would not suggest following up with deeds the words that constitute the propaganda of professional patriotism, we note the truth of this indictment by one of those inside.

So much of the literature has been loose and hysterical that it has resulted in suits for libel, or in successful demands for public retractions. These instances are numerous, and only a few need be cited.

The United Americans in a pamphlet charged the Committee of 48 with being a Bolshevik organization. The Committee, a progressive political group without connections with any other party or movement, at once sued for damages in the name of its chairman, J. A. Hopkins. The case was settled out of court, the United Americans paying the Committee \$1,000, and publishing a retraction as well.

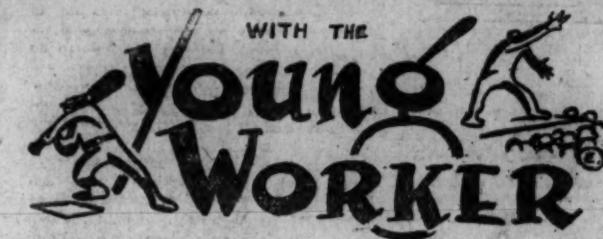
R. M. Whitney of the American Defense Society, author of the series of articles on the "Reds in America" first published in the Boston Transcript, charged Capt. Paxton Hibben, a United States Army Reserve Officer, with disloyalty to the interests of the United States by alleged pro-Soviet and revolutionary views, and made charges also against his personal character. Capt. Hibben at once sued the Transcript for \$100,000. While the case was pending for trial, Capt. Hibben was investigated by an army board, and completely cleared of all charges. The Transcript thereupon published the findings with its own retraction, and the suit was dropped.

Two suits for libel are now pending in the New York courts, one with four complainants, against the American Defense Society and Fred R. Marvin of the New York Commercial based on the Society's pamphlet "Socialism, LaFolletteism and the Reds," which charged La Follette supporters with being Bolsheviks under the control of Moscow. Each of the four suits is for \$25,000 damages. They were brought by Arthur Garfield Hayes, McAlister Coleman, Mrs. Eva Frank and J. A. Hopkins, all active in the LaFollette campaign in New York. The other suit was brought in 1925 by Madam Rosika Schwimmer of Chicago against Fred R. Marvin and the New York Commercial for charging her with being a German spy during the war and with being a Bolshevik after it.

Professional Patriotic Journals.

Only two periodicals are devoted exclusively to professional patriotism—the Woman Patriot, published in Washington by a group of the old anti-suffrage crowd headed by Miss Mary Kilbreth, former president of the National Association Opposed to Woman Suffrage, and the Patriot recently started as the monthly personal organ of Mrs. Jacob Cash of New York, founder of the United States Patriotic Society.

(To be continued.)



HOW THE YOUTH IN U. S. S. R. CELEBRATE MAY DAY

May 1st, 1927

Saratov, U.S.S.R.

Dear Comrade Aida:

We are reprinting a letter by a member of the Young Communists of the Soviet Union to a comrade in America on how the youth in that country celebrate May Day or International Labor Day.

I understand that you too have had in America this May Day demonstration, but unfortunately not in such peaceful surroundings as we, the workers and peasants in U.S.S.R. In Russia the workers and peasants returned from their demonstrations happily singing and telling of the great achievements we have accomplished during this short period of our reconstruction, whereas in America probably not one of the class-conscious workers was jailed, who dared to expose the injustice of the existing order, and how many fathers were jailed and taken away from their children, because they have dared to demand that which they produce.

I understand that you too have had in America this May Day demonstration, but unfortunately not in such peaceful surroundings as we, the workers and peasants in U.S.S.R. In Russia the workers and peasants returned from their demonstrations happily singing and telling of the great achievements we have accomplished during this short period of our reconstruction, whereas in America probably not one of the class-conscious workers was jailed, who dared to expose the injustice of the existing order, and how many fathers were jailed and taken away from their children, because they have dared to demand that which they produce.

In Russia the fathers marched with their children, the former in the columns of the fighters and the latter in the columns of the pioneers.

I would tell you more about this great day, but I believe that it is quite vivid to you, dear comrade, how we the workers and peasants in Russia celebrate this great holiday, as you have had the opportunity to be with us on one of these demonstrations. I also hope that you have related to our American Comrades what you have personally witnessed and experienced in this first Workers and Peasants' country.

With Comradely greetings to all comrades in America, I am always ready.—E. C. Esenov.

SPORT
LABOR SPORTS UNION

Cubs Strengthened By New Deals.

By trading Tony Kauffman and Jim Cooney to the Phillies for Harold Carlson, and securing Eddie Pick from Kansas City, in exchange for Fregau and Roy, the Chicago Cubs have materially strengthened their lineup. Carlson is considered one of the most efficient twirlers in the parent circle, having won 17 games

Coast to Coast



Labor Sports Union to Stage 30 Events in Its National Meet.

In laying out the program of events for the National Track and Field Meet the Committee has scheduled over 80 different competitive stunts, for men and women. Also there will be wrestling, baseball and soccer. Three individual prizes are awarded in each event and over \$300 is being spent for the medals and trophies. Labor organizations and clubs are being called upon to donate, and the Finnish Labor paper "Tyomies" has already set an example by donating a sum of money. In addition to the regular awards, honorary medals will be given to the athletes for all-around proficiency. All labor sportsmen are being invited to participate in the meet. All entries must be turned in by July 23rd. No entry fee is being charged.

CLEVELAND YOUNG WORKERS LEAGUE HOLD DISTRICT PICNIC JUNE 19, 1927.

Sunday, June 19, 1927 the Cleveland Young Workers League will hold their first annual picnic at the Avondale Gardens, Stop 25, Kingsman Road.

The purpose of this picnic is to run a summer school to train young workers.

All who are interested in training the youth for the working-class should make it their business to come themselves and bring their families.

X

Marks the spot where the sub blank will be found. Just put your name on it, clip it out and add a dollar (it doesn't matter how little it is) and send it to give a year's subscription to the Young Worker. Here's the address—The Young Worker Ed. Committee, 23 First St., New York, N. Y.

HERE'S THE SPOT
Enclosed \$1 for a year's sub to the Young Worker.
Name
Street
City
State

BUY THE DAILY WORKER AT THE NEWSSTANDS